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6	and Treeseare Semiconductor, me.			
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
9	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
10	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION			
11		C N C00 01140 WILL		
12	Gregory Bender,	Case No. C09-01140-WHA		
13	Plaintiff,	COMMENT RE MOTION TO RELATE CASES		
14	V.			
15	Exar Corporation,			
16	Defendant.			
17				
18	On July 13, 2009, this Court invited all defendants in the 24 currently pending patent			
19	infringement cases brought by plaintiff Gregory	Bender ("Bender") regarding U.S. Patent No. 5,		
20	103,188 to comment on whether the cases not a	ssigned to this Court should be related to this		
21	action. The undersigned defendants in actions brought by Bender jointly submit the comments			
22	below.			
23	The undersigned defendants do not oppose relating the cases. As with any cases involving			
24	the same patent, there will be numerous issues common to all 24 suits, including invalidity issues			
25	and certain common defenses.			
26	There are also facts specific to the Bender cases that support relation. As this Court			
27	recognized in its Order (D.I. 31) and at the Exar Case Management Conference, Bender has			
28	brought suit against a large group of companies on the eve of the patent's expiration. In every			
	SVI-71131v1 COMMENT RE MOTION TO RELATE CASES CASE NO. 09-cv-01140-WHA			

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case, Bender has submitted Complaints that provide either the barest description of an accused
device, or fail to name an accused device at all. (See, e.g., DSP Complaint, attached as Exhibit
1.) In the Rule 26 conferences conducted to date by the undersigned, and at the Exar CMC,
Bender's counsel has requested that the Patent Local Rules be turned on their head to force the
defendants to product schematics and other technical information before Bender is required to
serve his Rule 3-1 infringement contentions. As this Court stated to Bender's counsel, Bender
was required to determine whether the defendants' products allegedly infringed before filing suit,
even if it meant hiring numerous engineers to perform reverse engineering on the accused
products. See View Engineering, Inc. v. Robotic Vision Systems, Inc., 208 F.3d 981 (Fed. Cir.
2000) (affirming imposition of Rule 11 sanctions where "at the time the counterclaims were filed,
the only basis for their filing was the belief that [the accused] devices probably infringed the
Robotic patents," because "[i]n bringing a claim of infringement, the patent holder, if challenged,
must be prepared to demonstrate to both the court and the alleged infringer exactly why it
believed before filing the claim that it had a reasonable chance of proving infringement.")
Yesterday, Bender's lack of pre-filing diligence was laid bare. On July 30, Bender served
his Rule 3-1 infringement contentions on the defendant in the current action, Exar. Instead of
following the requirements of Pat. L.R. 3-1 for the patent to included a chart "identifying
specifically were each limitation of each asserted claim is found within each Accused
Instrumentality," Bender merely made bald assertions for each proposed claim element that "it is
inherent that the product will have a number of" the purported element in question. (See Bender's

his Rule 3-1 infringement contentions on the defendant in the current action, Exar. Instead of following the requirements of Pat. L.R. 3-1 for the patent to included a chart "identifying specifically were each limitation of each asserted claim is found within each Accused Instrumentality," Bender merely made bald assertions for each proposed claim element that "it is inherent that the product will have a number of" the purported element in question. (*See* Bender's Infringement Contentions and Supporting Claim Chart, attached as Exs. 2 and 3, respectively.) Bender's infringement contentions are not even close to sufficient to meet his obligation under Rule 3-1 and provide confirmation that he almost certainly violated his Rule 11 obligations as well. All indications are that Bender's pre-filing due diligence was the same for all 37 defendants in all 24 cases. Indeed, many of his complaints may be subject to motions to dismiss, as they fail to identify products alleged to infringe, or identify classes of products not even made by a particular defendant.

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Additionally, as was discussed at the Exar CMC, Bender has a serious laches problem
with his claims. Defendants are prepared to file a motion, which was also filed but not ruled upon
in the earlier Bender case against ADI in Texas, asking the Court to rule that some or all of
Bender's claims are barred due to his excessive delay in bringing these lawsuits. Evidence
obtained in the prior lawsuits in Texas makes clear that Bender knew of the claims he now
pursues more than 10 years prior to his current batch of lawsuits.

As a result of the foregoing, the Defendants believe that none of the 24 cases should survive past the Rule 3-1 disclosure deadline. In addition to the common issues related to validity, each defendant will have similar arguments as to the insufficiency of Bender's infringement contentions, and as to the laches defense. These issues justify relating all cases before one judge.

However, to the extent that the Court is disinclined to relate the entirety of the 24 cases, we request that the initial, dispositive issues be decided by one judge. Instead of numerous Northern District judges spending the time analyzing the same insufficient infringement contentions and dealing with the laches issues, we propose that this Court relate, and to the extent necessary consolidate, all 24 cases on the issues of the sufficiency of plaintiff's infringement contentions, the laches defense and, if necessary, any Rule 11 or Rule 12 motions. If Bender can prove that he has done the necessary pre-filing investigation, can provide compliant Rule 3-1 infringement contentions, and can defeat the laches motion, then the remainder of the cases can proceed before their assigned judges.

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1 2	Respectfully su	Respectfully submitted,	
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9	T westmine.	650-739-3900	
10	Freescale Semio	fendant Nokia Inc. and conductor, Inc.	
12			
13	In accordance with General Order No. 45, Section X(B), the above signatory attests that		
14	concurrence in the filing of this document has been obtained f	from the signatories below.	
15	Respectfully su	Respectfully submitted,	
16	Dated: July 31, 2009 DSP Group, Inc.	DSP Group, Inc.,	
17	17		
18	= J.	tt Thomas I. D'Amore	
19	19 Morrison & 212-468-81	z Foerster LLP 68: Phone	
20	212 400 7.		
21 22	Counsel for Dis	P Group, Inc.,	
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28	28		
	-4-	COMMENTS RE MOTION TO RELATE	

Case3:09-cv-01140-WHA Document43 Filed07/31/09 Page5 of 5 Respectfully submitted, Dated: July 31, 2009 Cirrus Logic, Inc. By: /s/ Scott Thomas Scott Thomas General Counsel Cirrus Logic, Inc.